

**Worksheet #13; date: 03/01/2018**  
**MATH 53 Multivariable Calculus**

1. (*Stewart 14.3.61*) Verify that the conclusion of Clairaut's Theorem holds, that is,  $u_{xy} = u_{yx}$ .

$$\cos(x^2y)$$

2. (*Stewart 14.3.71*) If

$$f(x, y, z) = xy^2z^3 + \arcsin(x\sqrt{z}),$$

find  $f_{xzy}$ . [Hint: Which order of differentiation is easiest?]

3. (*Stewart 14.3.103*) If

$$f(x, y) = x(x^2 + y^2)^{-3/2}e^{\sin(x^2y)}$$

find  $f_x(1, 0)$ . (Hint: There is a relatively painless way other than finding  $f_x(x, y)$  first.)

4. (*Stewart 14.4.13*) Explain why the function is differentiable at the given point. Then find the linearization  $L(x, y)$  of the function at that point.

$$f(x, y) = x^2e^y, \quad (1, 0)$$

5. (*Stewart 14.4.15*) Explain why the function is differentiable at the given point. Then find the linearization  $L(x, y)$  of the function at that point.

$$f(x, y) = 4 \arctan(xy), \quad (1, 1)$$

6. Where is  $\sqrt[3]{xy}$  differentiable?