

**Worksheet #13; date: 10/10/2018**  
**MATH 55 Discrete Mathematics**

- (Rosen 5.3.6b, e) Determine whether each of these proposed definitions is a valid recursive definition of a function  $f$  from the set of nonnegative integers to the set of integers. If  $f$  is well defined, find a formula for  $f(n)$  when  $n$  is a nonnegative integer and prove that your formula is valid.

  - $f(0) = 1, f(1) = 0, f(2) = 2, f(n) = 2f(n - 3)$  for  $n \geq 3$
  - $f(0) = 2, f(n) = f(n - 1)$  if  $n$  is odd and  $n \geq 1$  and  $f(n) = 2f(n - 2)$  if  $n \geq 2$
- (Rosen 5.3.26a, c) Let  $S$  be the subset of the set of ordered pairs of integers defined recursively by

*Basis step.*  $(0, 0) \in S$

*Recursive step.* If  $(a, b) \in S$ , then  $(a + 2, b + 3) \in S$  and  $(a + 3, b + 2) \in S$ .

  - List the elements of  $S$  produced by the first five replications of the recursive definition.
  - Use structural induction to show that  $5|a + b$  when  $(a, b) \in S$ .
- (Challenging) Show that all Boolean function of  $n$  variables can be expressed using just  $\wedge$  and  $\neg$ .
- (Rosen 6.1.27) A committee is formed consisting of one representative from each of the 50 states in the United States, where the representative from a state is either the governor or one of the two senators from that state. How many ways are there to form this committee?
- (Thank Wikipedia for this example) California license plate consist of one digit, followed by three letters and 3 digits. However, I, O and Q are only used as the second letter. How many possible plates are there?
- (Rosen 6.1.47) In how many ways can a photographer at a wedding arrange six people in a row, including the bride and the groom, if

  - the bride must be next to the groom?
  - the bride is not next to the groom?
  - the bride is positioned somewhere to the left of the groom?
- (Rosen 6.1.65) How many ways are there to arrange the letters  $a, b, c$ , and  $d$  such that  $a$  is not followed immediately by  $b$ ?
- (Challenging) What are the number of derangements of the first  $n$  integers, i.e. number of arrangements such that 1 does not come first, 2 does not come second, 3 does not come third, etc.?